

# APATHY MARKS VOTERS AT END OF CAMPAIGN

Leaders Urge Extra Efforts to Induce Citizens To Go to Polls.

## ADAMS PREDICTS G. O. P. SENATE GAIN

Democrats Claim Credit For Reduction Made In National Debt.

The 1922 political campaign, marked by the Democratic drive to wrest control of Congress away from the Republicans, ended last night with reports indicating that many sections of the country are still but half-hearted concerned over Tuesday's elections.

Candidates last night, in party rallies staged in practically every ward and precinct in the nation, were delivering their oratorical appeals. Campaign managers were making their final predictions, with both sides, of course, claiming victory.

As the national, State and Congressional campaigns draw to a close, local political committees are faced with the difficult task of getting out a big vote.

Word has gone out from the headquarters of both big parties here to organization workers in all cities and townships that extra efforts must be made this year toward inducing all registered voters to go to the polls.

The Republican National Committee, predicted that the Republicans will increase their majority in the Senate and will control the next House by a majority which will be "that of a normal Republican year."

The fact that both branches of the next Congress will be controlled by the Republicans is a guarantee that the next two years will witness the vigorous prosecution of the program of reconstruction and public economy which the present administration, with the cooperation of the present Congress, has so well begun.

Adams' statement was regarded as a frank admission that the Democrats will make large gains in the House and that the Republicans will be satisfied if they control the next House by approximately the same majority they held after the 1918 elections—41.

No prediction on Tuesday's election was forthcoming last night from the Democratic National Committee, Chairman Cordell Hull deciding to reserve his final statement until Monday, when final tabulations and surveys will be complete.

The Democratic committee, however, issued a statement in which it was claimed that the reduction in the national debt, outlined in a recent statement by Secretary Mellon, was accomplished mostly by the Wilson administration. Taking Mellon's figures to the effect that the national debt totaled \$26,594,000,000 on August 31, 1919, and only \$22,812,000,000 on September 30, 1922, the committee contended that the Democrats accounted for \$2,543,000,000 of the reduction.

## Republicans Likely to Hold Small Majority in House

CHICAGO, Nov. 4.—Republican victory by a comparatively narrow margin is the prospect in the Congressional elections.

The Senate, thirty-one of whose members will be elected on Tuesday, will continue to be controlled by the Republicans by a majority not far from the present majority of 24. It might fall to 20 or go up to 28.

A Republican majority in the House, though only a small fraction of the present Republican margin of 169, appears to be a reasonable certainty in the light of a careful survey of the conditions in all States.

Canvasses of the situation in every district gives the Republicans a minimum of 215 seats, the Democrats a maximum of 174, and 43 in doubt. If the parties should break anywhere near even in these close districts the Republicans would have a majority in the neighborhood of 40.

# CREEKS FACE NEW REVOLT

Island of Samos Asks Autonomy—Troops Are Sent.

LONDON, Nov. 4.—The Greek Empire, recently disastrously defeated in the war with the Turks, tonight faced more trouble in the form of a revolt by the island of Samos, the foreign office learned tonight.

The insurrectionists demanded autonomy under the league of nations. Meanwhile the Greek government is rushing troops to the island to quell the revolt.

## LISTS INDICATE SURE VICTORY FOR BONAR LAW

Unionists Have Nearly 500 Nominees Against Liberals' 350.

LONDON, Nov. 4.—Nominations for the forthcoming general elections closed at noon today, forecasting an inevitable victory for Premier Bonar Law and his Unionist supporters.

David Lloyd George, former premier, was among a group of twenty candidates who are considered automatically elected, no one opposing them in their districts. Mrs. Lloyd George herself nominated the former premier as a member for Carnarvon.

Belief that Lloyd George would fight Bonar Law's party to the death at the polls, which arose from a report that he would nominate many additional candidates to oppose Unionists at the last moment, was dispelled when the former premier named but eighteen of his supporters besides his previous list. One of these, a Mrs. Webster, was rejected by the nominations board because her name arrived too late.

The Unionists have nearly 500 nominees, the Independent Liberals 350; Lloyd George has less than 200, while Labor has put 400 in the field.

With Lloyd George with-holding his offensive, the Unionists appear certain of a plurality and probably a majority.

Lloyd George and Bonar Law reached a "gentleman's agreement" some time ago not to fight each other's best candidates at the November 15 polls.

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## Bonar Law and Asquith Coalition, Aim of Leaders

LONDON, Nov. 4.—Negotiations are said to be going on between Bonar Law and the Asquith party for a new coalition. It is said the Tories are determined to send Lloyd George into the wilderness forever and rather than accept his help will take in the Asquith party, hoping thus to be secure for five years and reduce Lloyd George and his associates to leaders of a small group in the house of commons.

A part of the bargain is said to be for Asquith to be appointed chancellor of the exchequer in the new government and Lord Grey be appointed foreign secretary, while Lord Curzon, who is now foreign secretary, will be compensated by a dukedom, to which he has aspired for a long time.

## U. S. APPROVES LOAN FOR CUBA

Formal approval of the proposed Cuban loan of \$50,000,000 was announced last night, following a conference between Undersecretary of State Phillips and Cuban Charge d'Affaires Arturo Padua.

# CITY SCHOOLS PERIL HEALTH, SURVEY SHOWS

Irregular Schedules Break Nervous System, Dr. Murphy Declares.

MORE BUILDINGS ONLY CURE, HE SAYS

Heavy Sick List Prompted Probe—Additions Will Open Soon.

Irregular schedules and part-time classes caused by crowded conditions in Washington public schools are producing an alarming effect upon the health of thousands of children, according to a survey of schools made under direction of Dr. Joseph Murphy, school health officer.

Investigation reveals there is a uniform impairment of physical condition among the children, who are forced to adapt themselves to schedules requiring morning classes one part of the week and afternoon classes other days. The same results are found for children in the lower grades who are compelled to attend afternoon classes.

In most instances, Dr. Murphy said, the nervous strain is not noticeable to the children. Often the parents and teachers are unaware of the danger until a physical examination is made or the child is taken ill. However, he declared, the run-down condition of the children is easily apparent from results noted during the investigation.

Loss of weight, nervousness, lack of interest in the classes, susceptibility to disease are the direct results of the crowded conditions, Dr. Murphy declared. Compared with children attending morning classes and following regular schedules, the investigation reveals, the mental and physical efficiency of pupils in irregular classes is decidedly less.

"Explanation of this condition," Dr. Murphy said, "is found in the fact that the younger children have less powers of resistance to fatigue. The irregular classes and afternoon classes make an unusually heavy strain on the energy of the children. In the morning the child is refreshed and well able to expend energy. In fact he may have a surplus of energy. But as the day passes there is an accumulation of fatigue. The growing body is tired and cannot respond without draining reserve energy. It is just at this period of the day that hundreds of children are being forced to mental exertions in the classroom. With the average child this is a severe strain and cannot be endured without physical harm."

The investigation was prompted.

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# Dry Navy Sights Fleet With Cargo Of 100,000 Cases

Unable to Act so Long As Ships Remain Outside Limit.

NEW YORK, Nov. 4.—A fleet carrying \$10,000,000 worth of liquor is attempting to land its cargo from an anchorage off New York just outside the three-mile limit. It was declared tonight by John D. Appleby, some chief prohibition agent.

Most of the vessels were declared to be of British registry. The fleet includes six schooners that left the Bahamas this week with 100,000 cases of liquor aboard.

Appleby said that while the ships had been sighted by the American "Dry Navy," the latter is powerless to act under the new ruling forbidding seizure of ships outside the three-mile limit unless they try to unload their cargoes with their own boats.

This ruling has resulted in a great revival of rum running. Bootlegging rings in New York are known to be preparing for the wettest Thanksgiving and Christmas since prohibition became effective. Prices, however, have dropped. Scotch is selling for \$50 a case and rye at \$70.

## CONSULAR RIGHTS OF U. S. INVOLVED IN BRITISH CASE

Diplomats Disagree Over Charges Made at Newcastle, Eng.

The United States and Great Britain are apparently approaching a diplomatic impasse over the incident caused by the latter government's recent action in cancelling consular rights of the two American consuls at Newcastle.

The Newcastle situation, it is believed, may develop the necessity for advisability of the United States seeking some definite agreement with other powers defining the rights of its consular representatives in connection with the business of the American Shipping Board.

The situation may be summarized as follows: 1. The investigations which the American government has made are said not to have substantiated the British charges that Consul Slater and Vice Consul Brooks used their visa powers at Newcastle to coerce British subjects to sail to the United States on American ships, and the British government has been notified of this in a communication from the State Department, which takes the stand that Great Britain should withdraw the charges against the consuls.

2. The British attitude seems to be that the incident is a closed one; that the execution of the consuls have been cancelled; that there is

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# BROKERS BUY 27,500 SHARES OF W. R. & E. CO.

Crane, Parris & Company Purchase Stock for Investment.

DENY NEGOTIATION CONCERNS MERGER

Sale May Protect Banks Which Held Notes Issued on Stock.

Purchase of 27,500 shares of Washington Railway and Electric Company's stock by the Crane, Parris and Company investment brokers of this city, was announced yesterday.

According to Eugene E. Thompson of the firm of Crane, Parris and Company, the shares were purchased for investment only and rumors that the negotiations will be followed by a consolidation of the Capital Traction Company, the Washington Railway and Electric Company, and the Potomac Electric Power Company under a holding company, are without foundation.

The stock was at \$58 a share. . . . 27,500, but its present price on the local exchange is about \$58, or a present value of \$1,595,000 for the 27,500 shares.

Several out of town interests have endeavored to obtain the stock recently but an option secured by the Crane, Parris Company about eight months ago successfully blocked foreign buyers, who kept the stock in the city, it was explained.

Proposing to merge all local utilities of the city, these shares were acquired by the Washington Utilities Company in 1912 and 1913, but subsequent legislation interfered with this purpose.

The stock was then deposited as collateral to secure an issue of \$1,500,000 of 6 per cent one year notes which were sold to Washington, Baltimore and New York banks. In default of interest and failure of the utilities company to take up their notes, a foreclosure brought the stock into the hands of the bankers.

The stock was taken over by the Noteholders' Protective Committee, an association created to protect the holders of the notes from loss.

It was claimed yesterday that the purchase negotiated by the Crane, Parris Company would enable the banks to receive a full return on their investment, with interest.

The negotiations resulting in the sale were conducted by Eugene E. Thompson of Crane Parris and Company, Robert N. Harper, of the District National Bank, John Poole and William T. Gallaher, of the Federal American National Bank; George W. White, of the National Metropolitan Bank; Harold B. Thorne, of the Metropolitan Trust Company, of New York; and Judge Henry D. Harland, of the Fidelity Trust Company, of Baltimore, representing the Noteholders' Protective Committee.

## —By J. N. Darling.

# Army Plane Wrests World's Distance Title from Britain

Flight of 2,100 Miles to Indianapolis Ends Non-Stop Trip.

The United States army tonight stands supreme in aviation among the nations of the world.

The remarkable flight of Lieut. John A. MacReady and Oscar Kelley from San Diego, Cal., to Indianapolis, a cross-country stretch of 2,100 miles, took from the British flag the world's record for distance in an airplane and marked up another triumph for the army air service.

The army now holds the world records for distance, duration, altitude and speed in the air, in addition to several high marks for speed over measured courses.

The world's premier aviator is also in the army, for it was Lieut. MacReady who brought three of the record-breaking achievements upon the American flag. The daring army flyer now holds the world records for duration, distance, and altitude.

Not content with all these world records, the army, according to announcements here yesterday, will try to beat its own speed record and

## HERMINE ARRIVES AT DOORN TO WED EX-KAISER TODAY

Crown Prince and Brother Join Exiled Monarch For Nuptial Ceremonies.

DOORN, Nov. 4.—Wilhelm Hohenzollern, erstwhile emperor of Germany, but now only ruler of Doorn House, marshaled the splendors of his toy kingdom around him tonight as the stage was set with regal pomp and ceremony for his marriage to Princess Hermine.

The ex-Kaiser was in a buoyant mood as he made a tour of the castle chambers on the eve of his wedding, seeing that the furniture and decorations were arranged according to his whim.

The bride's trousseau, contained in ten huge chests, was brought over the border without being pried into by inspectors.

Inside Doorn House was an atmosphere of royalty. The table being prepared for the wedding breakfast tomorrow, was covered with a costly damask cloth, with a handsome silver centerpiece bearing the initials W. I. R.—Wilhelm Imperial Rex. Deference due a king was accorded the all-highest whenever he appeared.

The bride-to-be will spend the night in her temporary boudoir, fitted up in the porter's lodge.

Protected from eyes and lenses of the newspaper men, Hermine will proceed, with her royal escort, down the shaded avenue to the great door, where she will be met by the ex-Kaiser and his court and welcomed into exile.

First there will be the civil ceremony, at which the mayor will officiate. This will be extremely brief, the burgomaster only saying "In the name of the law I pronounce you wed."

After this the elaborate religious ceremony will be conducted by Wilhelm's former court chaplain, Pastor Vogel.

Wilhelm, seated with Hermine on his right, will be asked:

"Before God, the All-Knowing, and in the presence of these Christian witnesses I ask you, Wilhelm Hohenzollern, will you have and hold, according to God's will, this woman today spoused by you, as your wedded wife, to love and honor her in joy and sorrow, in sickness and in health, and keep inviolable with her the bonds of matrimony until death do you part? If this is your heart's wish and opinion, speak 'Yes.'"

Upon the ex-royal answer Hermine will be asked the same question, with the word "obey" inserted after "love and honor."

Instead of riding to the end of the Eton avenue as Roy, Hall is said to have alighted from the car, skirting around corners and through fields in making his way to the Phillips farm.

Witnesses also said Mrs. Hall often was seen riding out Eton avenue in the vicinity of Buccleuch Park, where Hall and Mrs. Mills occasionally met. The park is about a quarter of a mile from the Phillips farm.

CINCINNATI, Ohio, Nov. 4.—Four steamers and two wharves burned in the Ohio River here today.

The Island Queen and Morning Star, amusement park vessels, went up in flames at their docks. Fanned by a steam breeze the fire spread to the steamboat Tacoma, which seemed doomed to destruction.

The Chris Greene, pulled from the wharf by the steamer Fred Hall, was burning in midstream.

# SCORE OF LIVES CYCLONE TOLL IN SOUTHWEST

10 Killed; Homes Wrecked In Colorado and Oklahoma.

OIL DERRICKS FALL IN FURIOUS STORM

Seven Dead; 100 Injured At Roxanna and in Nearby Towns.

KANSAS CITY, Mo., Nov. 4.—Cyclones sweeping through the Southwest tonight took a toll of more than a score of lives, according to unconfirmed reports.

Ten persons were known to have been killed in Colorado and Oklahoma by a twister which wrecked houses, toppled over oil derricks and caused property losses estimated at more than \$1,500,000.

Heavy rains, hail, sleet and electrical manifestations also were reported from the Rocky Mountain region, Oklahoma, Kansas and Western Missouri.

First reports of cyclone disturbances came from Carr Crossing, Colo., where two persons were killed and four probably fatally injured. The storm broke there shortly after daybreak and leveled houses.

Coming out of the Southwest, a cyclone dipped into Northern Oklahoma, wreaking havoc in towns surrounding Drumright and Cushing.

Seven persons were reported killed at Roxanna and nearby towns and nearly 100 were injured. Olive, eighteen miles from Drumright, was demolished, according to advices received here.

Other towns in the path of the twister included Oilton, Shamrock and Mannford.

Reports that from twenty to fifty persons were killed near Cushing and Drumright continued throughout the night, but lacked verification.

The storm struck in Oklahoma south of Drumright, skirting the edge of the town and smashing into Roxanna with full force, leaving death and destruction in its wake and then skipping to Olive, where the loss has not been determined.

Later Kansas towns began receiving severe rains and electrical disturbances accompanied by high winds.

Traps Father and Infant. PUEBLO, Colo., Nov. 4.—Two persons were killed and four injured in a tornado and hail storm which struck Carrs Crossing, Kan., of Sugar City, today. The dead are F. J. Moseman and his 14-month-old daughter.

Mrs. Moseman, her son, and Mrs. Leslie Stump were injured. The condition of all is given as serious.

Father and his wife were trapped at the Moseman home which was crumpled by the force of the tornado.

Injured Five Hospitals. DRUMRIGHT, Okla., Nov. 4.—Four persons were killed and at least fifty injured when a cyclone struck the Roxanna Okla. camp near here early tonight.

Tim, known dead, are: Le and Mrs. Joe Jennings, their 14-year-old daughter, and a boy named Dobbs.

Injured were still being brought into hospitals here tonight. Both hospitals were filled and plans were being made to open houses to care for the injured.

The cyclone struck at Roxanna shortly after 5:30, uprooting trees, toppling over oil derricks and smashing houses.

Reports reaching here from Olive were that the town was demolished. Unconfirmed reports said a number were dead and injured.

Sammons and his wife were found nearly a quarter of a mile from their home. Their son was killed by a flying piece of steel striking him in the head.

